

# **CITY OF LANSING**

## **FOIA PROCEDURES AND GUIDELINES**<sup>i</sup>

### **Preamble: Statement of Principles**

It is the policy of the City of Lansing (hereinafter, “City” or “Lansing”) that all persons, except those incarcerated, consistent with the Michigan Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), are entitled to full and complete information regarding the affairs of government and the official acts of those who represent them as public officials and employees. The people shall be informed so that they fully participate in the democratic process.

The City’s policy with respect to FOIA requests is to comply with State law in all respects and to respond to FOIA requests in a consistent, fair, and even-handed manner regardless of who makes such a request.

The City acknowledges that it has a legal obligation to disclose all nonexempt public records in its possession pursuant to a FOIA request. The City acknowledges that sometimes it is necessary to invoke the exemptions identified under FOIA in order to ensure the effective operation of government and to protect the privacy of individuals.

The City will protect the public's interest in disclosure, while balancing the requirement to withhold or redact portions of certain records. The City’s policy is to disclose public records consistent with and in compliance with State law.

The City has established the following written procedures and guidelines to implement the FOIA and will create a written public summary of the specific procedures and guidelines relevant to the general public regarding how to submit written requests to the public body and explaining how to understand a public body's written responses, deposit requirements, fee calculations, and avenues for challenge and appeal. The written public summary will be written in a manner so as to be easily understood by the general public.

As used herein, “City” or “City of Lansing” includes all agencies, departments, and boards of the City.

### **Section 1: General Policies**

The City, acting pursuant to the authority at MCL 15.236, designates the Chief Deputy City Attorney as the FOIA Coordinator for the City. He or she is authorized to designate others to act on his or her behalf to accept and process written requests for the City’s public records and approve denials.

If a request for a public record is received by fax or email, the request is deemed to have been received on the following business day. If a request is sent by email and delivered to a City spam or junk-mail folder, the request is not deemed received until one day after the FOIA Coordinator first becomes aware of the request. The FOIA Coordinator shall note in the FOIA log both the date the request was delivered to the spam or junk-mail folder and the date the FOIA Coordinator became aware of the request.

The FOIA Coordinator may, in his or her discretion, implement administrative rules, consistent with State law and these Procedures and Guidelines to administer the acceptance and processing of FOIA requests.

The City is not obligated to create a new public record or make a compilation or summary of information which does not already exist. The FOIA Coordinator shall keep a copy of all written requests for public records received by the City on file for a period of at least one year.

The City will make this Procedures and Guidelines document and the Written Public Summary publicly available without charge. A copy of this Procedures and Guidelines document and the City’s Written Public Summary

must be publicly available by providing free copies both in the City's response to a written request and upon request by visitors at the Office of the City Clerk, Office of the City Attorney, the Board of Water and Light, and at the Lansing Police Department Central Records. This Procedures and Guidelines document and the City's Written Public Summary will be maintained on the City's website at [www.lansingmi.gov](http://www.lansingmi.gov), as well as at [www.lbwl.org](http://www.lbwl.org), so a link to those documents will be provided in lieu of providing paper copies when possible.

## **Section 2: Requesting a Public Record**

A person requesting to inspect or obtain copies of public records prepared, owned, used, possessed, or retained by the City must do so in writing. A request must sufficiently describe a public record so as to enable City personnel to identify and find the requested public record. No specific form to submit a request for a public record is required. However the FOIA Coordinator may make available a FOIA Request Form for use by the public.

Requests for LPD incident reports, accident, and traffic crash reports should be directed to LPD at the below address. Reports for Lansing Board of Water and Light records should be directed to the BWL at the below address. All other requests should be directed to the Office of the City Attorney.

Written requests for public records may be submitted in person or by mail, fax, or email to the FOIA Coordinator the following addresses:

### **For LPD report requests:**

**FOIA COORDINATOR**  
**Records Division**  
**120 W. Michigan Avenue, 1<sup>st</sup> Floor**  
**Lansing, MI 48993**  
**Email: [LPD.FOIA@lansingmi.gov](mailto:LPD.FOIA@lansingmi.gov)**  
**Fax: 517/483-**

### **For all other requests:**

**FOIA COORDINATOR**  
**Office of the City Attorney**  
**124 W. Michigan Avenue, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor**  
**Lansing, MI 48893**  
**Email: [FOIA.Request@lansingmi.gov](mailto:FOIA.Request@lansingmi.gov)**  
**Fax: 517/483-4018**

### **For Board of Water & Light record requests:**

**FOIA COORDINATOR**  
**Lansing Board of Water and Light**  
**PO Box 13007**  
**Lansing, MI 48901-3007**  
**Email: [FOIARequests@lbwl.com](mailto:FOIARequests@lbwl.com)**  
**Fax: 517-702-6743**

Upon their receipt or discovery, requests for public records misdirected shall be promptly forwarded to the appropriate FOIA Coordinator for processing.

A person may request that public records be provided on non-paper physical media, emailed or other otherwise provided to him or her in digital form in lieu of paper copies. The City will comply with the request only if it possesses the necessary technological capability to provide records in the requested non-paper physical media format.

A person may subscribe to future issues of public records that are created, issued or disseminated by the City on a regular basis. A subscription is valid for up to 6 months and may be renewed by the subscriber.

A person serving a sentence of imprisonment in a local, state or federal correctional facility is not entitled to submit a request for a public record. The FOIA Coordinator will deny all such requests.

### **Section 3: Processing a Request**

Unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the person making the request, the City will issue a response within 5 business days of receipt of a FOIA request. If a request is received by fax, email or other electronic transmission, the request is deemed to have been received on the following business day.

The City will respond to a request in one of the following ways:

- Grant the request.
- Issue a written notice denying the request.
- Grant the request in part and issue a written notice denying in part the request.
- Issue a notice indicating that due to the nature of the request the City needs an additional 10 business days to respond for a total of no more than 15 business days. Only one such extension is permitted.
- Issue a written notice indicating that the public record requested is available at no charge on the City's website.

#### ***When a request is granted:***

If the request is granted, or granted in part, the FOIA Coordinator will require that payment be made in full for the allowable fees associated with responding to the request before the public record is made available. The FOIA Coordinator shall provide a detailed itemization of the allowable costs incurred to process the request to the person making the request. A copy of these Procedures and Guidelines and the Written Public Summary will be provided to the requestor free of charge with the response to a written request for public records, provided however, that because these Procedures and Guidelines, and the Written Public Summary are maintained on the City's website at [www.lansingmi.gov](http://www.lansingmi.gov), a link to the Procedures and Guidelines and the Written Public Summary may be provided in lieu of providing paper copies of those documents.

If the cost of processing a FOIA request is \$50 or less, the requestor will be notified of the amount due and where the documents can be obtained.

If the cost of processing a FOIA request is expected to exceed \$50 based on a good-faith calculation, or if the requestor has not paid in full for a previously granted request, the City will require a good-faith deposit pursuant to Section 4 of this policy before processing the request. In making the request for a good-faith deposit the FOIA Coordinator shall provide the requestor with a detailed itemization of the allowable costs estimated to be incurred by the City to process the request and also provide a best efforts estimate of a time frame it will take the City to provide the records to the requestor. The best efforts estimate shall be nonbinding on the City, but will be made in good faith and will strive to be reasonably accurate, given the nature of the request in the particular instance, so as to provide the requested records in a manner based on the public policy expressed by Section 1 of the FOIA.

#### ***When a request is denied or denied in part:***

If the request is denied or denied in part, the FOIA Coordinator will issue a Notice of Denial which shall provide in the applicable circumstance:

- An explanation as to why a requested public record is exempt from disclosure; or
- A certificate that the requested record does not exist under the name or description provided by the requestor, or another name reasonably known by the City; or

- An explanation or description of the public record or information within a public record that is separated or deleted from the public record; and
- An explanation of the person's right to submit an appeal of the denial to the President of City Council, or seek judicial review in the Ingham County Circuit Court;
- An explanation of the right to receive attorneys' fees, costs, and disbursements as well as actual or compensatory damages, and punitive damages of \$1,000, should they prevail in Circuit Court.
- The Notice of Denial shall be signed by the FOIA Coordinator.

If a request does not sufficiently describe a public record, the FOIA Coordinator may, in lieu of issuing a Notice of Denial indicating that the request is deficient, seek clarification or amendment of the request by the person making the request. Any clarification or amendment will be considered a new request subject to the timelines described in this Section.

***Requests to inspect public records:***

The City shall provide reasonable facilities and opportunities for persons to examine and inspect public records during normal business hours. The FOIA Coordinator is authorized to promulgate rules regulating the manner in which records may be viewed so as to protect City records from loss, alteration, mutilation or destruction and to prevent excessive interference with normal City operations. Requests for examination and inspection are subject to fees as provided by the Act.

**Section 4: Fee Deposits**

If the fee estimate is expected to exceed \$50.00 based on a good-faith calculation, the requestor will be asked to provide a deposit not exceeding one-half of the total estimated fee.

If a request for public records is from a person who has not paid the City in full for copies of public records made in fulfillment of a previously granted written request, the FOIA Coordinator will require a deposit of 100% of the estimated processing fee before beginning to search for a public record for any subsequent written request by that person when all of the following conditions exist:

- The final fee for the prior written request is not more than 105% of the estimated fee;
- The public records made available contained the information sought in the prior written request and remain in the City's possession;
- The public records were made available to the individual, subject to payment, within the time frame estimated by the City to provide the records;
- Ninety (90) days have passed since the FOIA Coordinator notified the individual in writing that the public records were available for pickup or mailing;
- The individual is unable to show proof of prior payment to the City; and
- The FOIA Coordinator has calculated a detailed itemization that is the basis for the current written request's increased estimated fee deposit.

The FOIA Coordinator will not require an increased estimated fee deposit if any of the following apply:

- The person making the request is able to show proof of prior payment in full to the City;
- The City is subsequently paid in full for the applicable prior written request; or
- Three hundred sixty five (365) days have passed since the person made the request for which full payment was not remitted to the City.

**Section 5: Calculation of Fees**

A fee will **not** be charged for the labor cost of search, examination, review and the deletion and separation of exempt from nonexempt information **unless** failure to charge a fee would result in unreasonably high costs to the City because of the nature of the request in the particular instance, and the City specifically identifies the nature of the unreasonably high costs.

Costs for the search, examination review, and deletion and separation of exempt from non-exempt information are “unreasonably high” when they are excessive and beyond the normal or usual amount for those services (Attorney General Opinion 7083 of 2001) compared to the costs of the City’s usual FOIA requests, not compared to the City’s operating budget. (*Bloch v. Davison Community Schools*, Michigan Court of Appeals, Unpublished, April 26, 2011).

The following factors shall be used to determine an unreasonably high cost to the City:

- Volume of the public record requested
- Amount of time spent to search for, examine, review and separate exempt from non-exempt information in the record requested.
- Whether the public records are from more than one City department or whether various City offices are necessary to respond to the request.
- The available staffing to respond to the request.
- Any other similar factors identified by the FOIA Coordinator in responding to the particular request.

The City may charge for the following costs associated with processing a request:

- Labor costs associated with copying or duplication, which includes making paper copies, making digital copies, or transferring digital public records to non-paper physical media or through the Internet.
- Labor costs associated with searching for, locating and examining a requested public record.
- Labor costs associated with a review of a record to separate and delete information exempt from disclosure.
- The cost of copying or duplication, not including labor, of paper copies of public records. This may include the cost for copies of records already on the City’s website if the requestor asks for the City to make copies.
- The cost of computer discs, computer tapes or other digital or similar media when the requestor asks for records in non-paper physical media. This may include the cost for copies of records already on the City’s website if the requestor asks for the City to make copies.
- The cost to mail or send a public record to a requestor.

Labor costs will be calculated based on the following requirements:

- All labor costs will be estimated and charged in 15-minute increments, with all partial time increments rounded down.
- Labor costs will be charged at the hourly wage of the lowest-paid City employee capable of doing the work in the specific fee category, regardless of who actually performs work.
- The City may add up to 50% to the applicable labor charge amount to cover or partially cover the cost of fringe benefits, but in no case may it exceed the actual cost of fringe benefits.
- Overtime wages will not be included in labor costs unless agreed to by the requestor; overtime costs will not be used to calculate the fringe benefit cost.

The cost to provide records on non-paper physical media when so requested will be based on the following requirements:

- Computer disks, computer tapes or other digital or similar media will be at the actual and most reasonably economical cost for the non-paper media.
- This cost will only be assessed if the City has the technological capability necessary to provide the public record in the requested non-paper physical media format.
- The City will procure any non-paper media and will not accept media from the requestor in order to ensure integrity of the City's technology infrastructure.

The cost to provide paper copies of records will be based on the following requirements:

- Paper copies of public records made on standard letter (8 ½ x 11) or legal (8 ½ x 14) sized paper will not exceed \$.10 per sheet of paper. Copies for non-standard sized sheets of paper will reflect the actual cost of reproduction.
- The City may provide records using double-sided printing, if it is cost-saving and available.

The cost to mail records to a requestor will be based on the following requirements:

- The actual cost to mail public records using a reasonably economical and justified means.
- The City may charge for the least expensive form of postal delivery confirmation.
- No cost will be made for expedited shipping or insurance unless specified by the requestor.

If the FOIA Coordinator does not respond to a written request in a timely manner, the City must:

- Reduce the labor costs by 5% for each day the City exceeds the time permitted under FOIA up to a 50% maximum reduction, if **any** of the following applies:
  - The City's late response was willful and intentional,
  - The written request conveyed a request for information within the first 250 words of the body of a letter facsimile, email or email attachment, or
  - The written request included the words, characters, or abbreviations for "freedom of information," "information," "FOIA," "copy" or a recognizable misspelling of such, or legal code reference to MCL 15. 231, et seq. or 1976 Public Act 442 on the front of an envelope or in the subject line of an email, letter or facsimile cover page.
- Fully note the charge reduction in the Detailed Itemization of Costs Form.

## **Section 6: Waiver of Fees**

The cost of the search for and copying of a public record may be waived or reduced if in the sole judgment of the FOIA Coordinator a waiver or reduced fee is in the public interest because it can be considered as primarily benefitting the general public.

## **Section 7: Discounted Fees**

### ***Indigence***

The FOIA Coordinator will discount the first \$20.00 of the processing fee for a request if the person requesting a public record submits an affidavit stating that they are:

- Indigent and receiving specific public assistance, or

- If not receiving public assistance, stating facts demonstrating an inability to pay because of indigence.

An individual is not eligible to receive the waiver if:

- The requestor has previously received discounted copies of public records from the City twice during the calendar year; or
- The requestor requests information in connection with other persons who are offering or providing payment to make the request.

An affidavit is a sworn statement. The FOIA Coordinator may make a Fee Waiver Affidavit Form available for use by the public.

***Nonprofit organization advocating for developmentally disabled or mentally ill individuals***

The FOIA Coordinator will discount the first \$20.00 of the processing fee for a request from:

- A nonprofit organization formally designated by the state to carry out activities under subtitle C of the federal developmental disabilities assistance and bill of rights act of 2000, Public Law 106-402, and the protection and advocacy for individuals with mental illness act, Public Law 99-319, or their successors, if the request meets all of the following requirements:
  - Is made directly on behalf of the organization or its clients.
  - Is made for a reason wholly consistent with the mission and provisions of those laws under section 931 of the mental health code, 1974 PA 258, MCL 330.1931.
  - Is accompanied by documentation of its designation by the state, if requested by the public body.

**Section 8: Appeal of a Denial of a Public Record**

When a requestor believes that all or a portion of a public record has not been disclosed or has been improperly exempted from disclosure, he or she may appeal to the President of City Council by filing an appeal of the denial with the FOIA Coordinator. The appeal must be in writing, specifically state the word "appeal" and identify the reason or reasons the requestor is seeking a reversal of the denial.

Within 10 business days of receiving the appeal the President of City council will respond in writing by:

- Reversing the disclosure denial;
- Upholding the disclosure denial; or
- Reverse the disclosure denial in part and uphold the disclosure denial in part; or
- Under unusual circumstances, issue a notice extending for not more than 10 business days the period during which the President of City Council shall respond to the written appeal. The President of City council shall not issue more than 1 notice of extension for a particular written appeal.

If the President of City Council fails to respond to a written appeal, or if the President of City Council upholds all or a portion of the disclosure denial that is the subject of the written appeal, the requesting person may seek judicial review of the nondisclosure by commencing a civil action in Ingham County Circuit Court.

Whether or not a requestor submitted an appeal of a denial to the President of City Council, he or she may file a civil action in Ingham County Circuit Court within 180 days after the City's final determination to deny the request.

If a court determines a public record is not exempt from disclosure, it shall order the City to cease withholding or to produce all or a portion of a public record wrongfully withheld, regardless of the location of the public record. Failure to comply with an order of the court may be punished as contempt of court.

If a person asserting the right to inspect, copy, or receive a copy of all or a portion of a public record prevails in such an action, the court shall award reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and disbursements. If the person or City prevails in part, the court may, in its discretion, award all or an appropriate portion of reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and disbursements.

If the court determines that the City has arbitrarily and capriciously violated this act by refusal or delay in disclosing or providing copies of a public record, the court shall order the City to pay a civil fine of \$1,000.00, which shall be deposited into the general fund of the state treasury. The court shall award, in addition to any actual or compensatory damages, punitive damages in the amount of \$1,000.00 to the person seeking the right to inspect or receive a copy of a public record. The damages shall not be assessed against an individual, but shall be assessed against the next succeeding public body that is not an individual and that kept or maintained the public record as part of its public function.

### **Section 9: Appeal of an Excessive FOIA Processing Fee**

"Fee" means the total fee or any component of the total fee calculated under section 4 of the FOIA, including any deposit.

If a requestor believes that the fee charged by the City to process a FOIA request exceeds the amount permitted by state law or under this policy, he or she must first appeal to the President of City Council by submitting a written appeal for a fee reduction to the FOIA Coordinator.

The appeal must be in writing, specifically state the word "appeal" and identify how the required fee exceeds the amount permitted.

Within 10 business days after receiving the appeal, the President of City Council will respond in writing by:

- Waiving the fee;
- Reducing the fee and issuing a written determination indicating the specific basis that supports the remaining fee;
- Upholding the fee and issuing a written determination indicating the specific basis that supports the required fee; or
- Issuing a notice detailing the reason or reasons for extending for not more than 10 business days the period during which the President of City Council will respond to the written appeal. The President of City Council shall not issue more than 1 notice of extension for a particular written appeal.

Where the President of City Council reduces or upholds the fee, the determination must include a certification from the President of City Council that the statements in the determination are accurate and that the reduced fee amount complies with its publicly available procedures and guidelines and Section 4 of the FOIA.

Within 45 days after receiving notice of the President of City Council's determination of an appeal, the requesting person may commence a civil action in Ingham County Circuit Court for a fee reduction. If a civil action is commenced against the City for an excess fee, the City is not obligated to complete the processing of the written request for the public record at issue until the court resolves the fee dispute. An action shall not be filed in circuit court unless one of the following applies:



- The President of City Council failed to respond to a written appeal as required, or
- The President of City Council issued a determination to a written appeal.

If a court determines that the City required a fee that exceeds the amount permitted under its publicly available procedures and guidelines or Section 4 of the FOIA, the court shall reduce the fee to a permissible amount. Failure to comply with an order of the court may be punished as contempt of court.

If the requesting person prevails in court by receiving a reduction of 50% or more of the total fee, the court may, in its discretion, award all or an appropriate portion of reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and disbursements. The award shall be assessed against the public body liable for damages.

If the court determines that the City has arbitrarily and capriciously violated the FOIA by charging an excessive fee, the court shall order the City to pay a civil fine of \$500.00, which shall be deposited in the general fund of the state treasury. The court may also award, in addition to any actual or compensatory damages, punitive damages in the amount of \$500.00 to the person seeking the fee reduction. The fine and any damages shall not be assessed against an individual, but shall be assessed against the next succeeding public body that is not an individual and that kept or maintained the public record as part of its public function.

### **Section 10: Conflict with Prior FOIA Policies and Procedures; Effective Date**

To the extent that these Procedures and Guidelines conflict with previous FOIA policies promulgated by the City, these Procedures and Guidelines are controlling. To the extent that any administrative rule promulgated by the FOIA Coordinator subsequent to the adoption of this resolution is found to be in conflict with any previous policy promulgated by the City, the administrative rule promulgated by the FOIA Coordinator is controlling.

To the extent that any provision of these Procedures and Guidelines or any administrative rule promulgated by the FOIA Coordinator pertaining to the release of public records is found to be in conflict with any State statute, the applicable statute shall control. The FOIA Coordinator is authorized to modify this policy and all previous policies adopted by the City, and the Written Public Summary, and to adopt Cost Worksheet(s) and administrative rules as he or she may deem necessary, to facilitate the legal review and processing of requests for public records made pursuant to Michigan's FOIA statute, provided that such modifications and rules are consistent with State law. The FOIA Coordinator shall inform the mayor and City Council of any changes to these Procedures and Guidelines or Written Public Summary.

These FOIA Policies and Guidelines become effective July 1, 2015.

### **Section 11: Additional Internal FOIA Procedures**

#### **I. TRAINING.**

A. Consistent with longstanding OCA practice, all FOIA Personnel shall receive continuous and comprehensive FOIA training, including written certification thereof.

B. The training shall include, at a minimum:

1. Preliminary training before being designated as a FOIA Coordinator or Officer, including support staff, which shall include knowledge of and proficiency with:

a. The Act;

- b. Leading cases and AG opinions under the Act;
  - c. FOIA Guidelines and Procedures.
- 2. All FOIA Personnel shall receive continuing legal education and training, including:
  - a. Annual participation in seminars focusing on FOIA, including the Institute for Continuing Legal Education (ICLE), the Michigan Municipal League (MML)/Michigan Association of Municipal Attorneys (MAMA), and other providers of such training;
  - b. Subscription to the MML's listserv, including especially threads and updates on FOIA decisions and issues, which are then circulated to the group;
  - c. Review and discussion of FOIA in OCA staff meetings, led by Chief Deputy City Attorney/FOIA Coordinator, including:
    - (i) All significant incoming advance sheets, court decisions, and AG opinions on FOIA issues;
    - (ii) Circulation such materials to all FOIA Personnel, along with analysis and application of those materials;
  - d. Interoffice memoranda to FOIA Personnel regarding updates on FOIA issues, cases, policies, and procedures.

**II. FOIA REQUEST RECEIVED.**

- A. Date stamp request when received (faxed requests do not need to be stamped; date is at top of fax copy).
- B. As soon as possible, but not later than the day after receipt, transmit the request to coordinating assistant.
- C. Coordinating assistant logs FOIA request on computerized log sheet:
  - 1. "Due out" date computed (5 working days after receipt; electronically received requests are logged in on the next day's date.).
  - 2. Print copy of updated log sheet for file.
  - 3. Determine departments to forward request to.

**III. REQUEST RECORDS FROM APPLICABLE DEPARTMENT(S).**

- A. Prepare request cover memo to department(s).
- B. Make copies and deliver hard or electronic copy to department where applicable records are retained.
- C. Keep the original request and a copy of the cover memo for OCA records.

**IV. TRACKING AND EXTENSION NOTICE.**

- A. Track request so that it is responded to according to the time frames established in the Act.
- B. If the request requires a voluminous amount of records to be copied or records are being requested of several departments, it may be necessary to send a notice of extension.

C. The extension notice is sent out on the first “due date” and extends the period for response an additional 10 business days.

**V. RECEIPT AND REVIEW OF RECORDS REQUESTED AND RESPONSE.**

**A. RECEIPT AND REVIEW.**

1. Once all documents/records are received, the assigned FOIA coordinator will review records for compliance with request and for any information which may need to be redacted due to applicable exemptions.

2. When review is complete, the coordinating assistant will determine costs (utilizing the cost worksheet) and the assigned FOIA coordinator will prepare cover letter to requestor.

3. Submit letter of response and copies to assigned attorney for review and signature.

B. RESPONSE: FOIA personnel will respond consistently with these Guidelines and Procedures.

**VI. PROCEDURAL AND SUBSTANTIVE SAFEGUARDS PRIOR TO RESPONSE.**

**A. PROCEDURAL SAFEGUARDS.**

1. Are all Social Security Numbers redacted?

2. Are all redactions illegible in production copy, including production of a copy of the redacted document instead of the original?

3. For law enforcement matters:

a. Is information properly redacted to prevent disclosure of confidential source or information?

b. Is information properly redacted to prevent disclosure of other exempted information?

(i) Identity of informant?

(ii) Identity of undercover officer, agent, or plain clothes officer?

(iii) Personal address or telephone number of active or retired law enforcement officers or their special skills?

(iv) Name, address, or telephone numbers of family members, relatives, children, or parents of active or retired law enforcement officers or agents?

(v) Operational instructions for law enforcement officers or agents?

(vi) Contents of staff manuals provided for law enforcement officers or agents?

(vii) Danger to the life or safety of law enforcement officers or agents or their families, relatives, children, parents, or those who furnish information to law enforcement departments or agencies?

(viii) Identity of person as a law enforcement officer, agent, or informant?

(ix) Personnel records of law enforcement agencies?

(x) Identity of residences that law enforcement agencies are requested to check in the absence of their owners or tenants?

4. For criminal prosecutions in which denial is based on pending investigation, has status of case been confirmed with ICPO?

**B. SUBSTANTIVE SAFEGUARDS.**

1. Have all exemptions been considered?
2. Where an exemption is claimed, has sufficient explanation been given?
3. For personnel matters, does response comply with Bullard-Plawicki?
4. Have privacy concerns been adequately addressed?
  - a. Has information covered by Health Insurance Portability Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) been redacted?
  - b. Has information covered by the Public Health Code, 1978 PA 368, especially as codified at MCL 333.1531, been redacted?
  - c. Has information covered by the Mental Health Code, 1974 PA 258, especially as codified at MCL 330.1748, been redacted?
  - d. If not covered by HIPAA, the Public Health Code, or the Mental Health Code, has medical information been appropriately redacted, including especially a person's actual or alleged HIV status?
  - e. Have appropriate redactions been made for "[i]nformation of a personal nature if public disclosure of the information would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of an individual's privacy," MCL 243(1)(a)?

**VII. FINALIZATION PROCEDURES.**

- A. Mark FOIA log with date out, whether it was released or denied, and costs, if any.
- B. File packet in monthly folder in FOIA file cabinet.
- C. File billing sheet (copy of cover letter of released records) in FOIA receivables folder in FOIA file cabinet.

**VIII. FOIA PAYMENT RECEIVED.**

- A. When a check for payment of a FOIA request is received, these are the steps that should be taken in recording and processing the payment:
  1. Date stamp the cover letter and/or check.
  2. Hold checks until there are 3-5 of them to process.
  3. Pull the copy of the original cover letter (which serves as an invoice) from the "FOIA Receivables" file folder.

4. Mark the FOIA log with date received and check number.
5. Copy “invoice” cover letters to attach to receipt.
6. Prepare receipts.
7. Attach copy of “invoice” letter to receipt book.
8. Prepare deposit slip.
9. Give deposit slip and checks to 2nd person to take down to Treasurer’s for deposit.
10. Prepare envelopes for mailing receipts.
11. File “invoice” copies in “FOIA payments rec’d” file folder.
12. Get yellow copy of deposit slip back from 2nd person (after deposit with Treasurer) and file with other slips.

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i Sections 1-10 of these Procedures and Guidelines are adapted from those promulgated by the Michigan Township Association and the Michigan Association of Municipal Attorneys.